



Cell: J9

Comment: Rick Heede:

Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation (EGPC) Economic organization belongs to the ministry of petroleum, General organization for petroleum affairs has been established under law no. 135 of 1956 amended by law no. 167 of 1958, EGPC established under law no. 20 of 1976. EGPC managing the exploration and production operations in its affiliated 93 joint venture companies representing 28 different nationalities, including several major international companies. www.egpc.com.eg/index.html (15 Nov 2011).

Cell: M9

Comment: Rick Heede:

World Bank, 2008b, page 422: "EGPC was incorporated in Egypt according to the Law no. 135 of 1956 under the name of "The General Corporation of Petroleum Affairs. EGPC Group comprises the holding, and 12 public sector companies. In addition, there are over 50 joint venture companies with foreign partners. Shares Controlled by Government: 100%." World Bank (2008b) A Citizen's Guide to National Oil Companies, Part B: Data Directory, World Bank, Washington, & Center for Energy Economics, Bureau of Economic Geology Jackson School of Geosciences University of Texas, Austin, 764 np.

Cell: D11

Comment: Rick Heede:

On this worksheet we report extractive data for each company or state-owned enterprise. Three columns under crude oil and natural gas allow for data reported in one of three formats (e.g., thousand barrels per day, or million barrels per year, or million tonnes per year). Coal is normally reported in U.S. or metric tonnes per year.

Note: the carbon content of the extracted resources is adjusted by a number of factors before emissions estimates. Most important is the subtraction of the fraction typically sequestered in petrochemicals and other non-combusted uses such as road oils, waxes, lubricants, greases, etc. See the non-energy uses worksheet for details.

Cell: F12

Comment: Rick Heede:

Total net worldwide crude oil plus natural gas liquids produced by each company or state-owned enterprise. Crude production includes natural gas liquids (NGL) unless noted.

Cell: J12

Comment: Rick Heede:

Natural gas is typically reported as dry gas; natural gas liquids are reported under crude oil.

Carbon dioxide is normally removed from the gas flow at the production site (see "Vented Carbon Dioxide").

"SCM/d" = standard cubic meters per day. "cf/d" = cubic feet per day.

Cell: E15

Comment: Rick Heede:

According to the EIA Country Study on Egypt (May05), EGPC has production-sharing agreements with several international oil and gas companies, e.g., BP, Apache, ENI-Agip, Shell, and BG. Shell, TotalFinaElf, and ENI have been awarded offshore exploration blocks.

Cell: F19

Comment: Rick Heede:

CMS considers the Oil & Gas Journal's OGJ100 oil and gas production data (published for 1996-2004 only) as likely in error. Given that EGPC has signed production-sharing agreements and offered concessions to several international oil and gas companies (e.g., BP, BG, Apache, Shell, ENI, and Total), oil production should be some fraction, albeit possibly a high proportion, of total national production. In many years, EIA production data for Egypt is lower than OGJ's production attributed to EGPC. For example, OGJ shows 358 million bbl in 1996, whereas EIA shows 337 million bbl for Egypt; OGJ 259 million bbl for EGPC in 2004, and EIA 217 million bbl for Egypt.

Cell: F23

Comment: Rick Heede:

EGPC does not publish their equity production, or percentage production of total Egyptian oil and gs production. We assume -- until comprehensive data becomes available -- that EGPC nationalized 51 percent of production of both oil and natural gas commencing with the creation of EGPC in 1976. This will be revised if equity production or working interest shares by year are documented.

Cell: J33

Comment: Rick Heede:

EGPC does not publish their equity production, or percentage production of total Egyptian oil and gs production. We assume -- until comprehensive data becomes available -- that EGPC nationalized 51 percent of production of both oil and natural gas commencing with the creation of EGPC in 1976. This will be revised if equity production or working interest shares by year are documented.

Cell: 135

Comment: Rick Heede:

U.S. Bureau of Mines Minerals Yearbook 1976, page 887, reports both gross and marketed production for 1974-1976.

Cell: D36

Comment: Rick Heede:

EIA, Crude Oil production 1970-1992, including lease condensate but not NGL production, judging from the 1993 overlap.

Cell: 140

Comment: Rick Heede:

 $U.S.\ Bureau\ of\ Mines\ Minerals\ Yearbook,\ 1976,\ page\ 887,\ Egyptian\ gross\ and\ marketed\ production\ 1974-1976.$

Cell: B42

Comment: Rick Heede:

EGPC established under law no. 20 of 1976.

Cell: D46

Comment: Rick Heede:

Data 1980-2010 from EIA International Energy Statistics, World Crude Oil Production, plus Lease Condensate, and natural gas plant liquids (NGPLs).

Cell: F62

Comment: Rick Heede:

We continue the 51 percent attribution of Egypt's oil production to EGPC; the Oil & Gas Journal data (reproduced in column L at right) are much higher over the whole period and roughly equal the EIA total Egyptian oil production statistics in column E.

Cell: J62

Comment: Rick Heede:

We continue the 51 percent attribution of Egypt's natural gas production to EGPC; the Oil & Gas Journal data (reproduced in column M at right) are much higher in the 1990s, though lower in the 2000s.

Cell: L66

Comment: Rick Heede:

Energy Intelligence shows 398 and 358 thousand bbl per day for 2000 and 2001, respectively (145 and 131 million bbl per year).

Cell: M66

Comment: Rick Heede:

Energy Intelligence shows 888 and 1,022 million cf per day for 2000 and 2001, respectively (324 and 373 Bcf per year).

Cell: M7

Comment: Rick Heede (Dec09):

Oil & Gas Journal OGJ100, various years; 2008 gas production not available; CMS assumes equal to 2007.

Cell: L75

Comment: Rick Heede:

OGJ100 6Sep2010 pg 69; 2008 production reported as 237.3 lower than earlier report at 247.8

Cell: M75

Comment: Rick Heede:

OGJ100 6Sep 2010: 1,445 million cf/day in 2009, and 1,404 million cf/day in 2010.

Cell: L70

Comment: Rick Heede:

Oil & Gas Journal, OGJ 100, 30ct2011.